

Marshall, Matron, the London Temperance Hospital (The Royal British Nurses' Association), Miss Kathleen A. Smith (The Matrons' Council of Great Britain and Ireland), Miss A. Lloyd-Still, and Miss R. Cox-Davies (The Association of Hospital Matrons), Dame Beryl Oliver, Mr. Bruce Stevenson, Mr. John C. F. Tower, Mrs. Champion de Crespigny, Colonel and Mrs. Carmichael, Miss Hopton, Miss Cater, Mrs. and Miss Mackay Heriot, Miss Goffe, Miss Butler, Miss McCoy, Miss Cooper, Mrs. A. Walbrook, Miss Reay, Miss I. M. G. Davy, Miss Metcalfe, Mrs. Webb Johnson, Miss S. A. Villiers, the Rev. Paul Nichols, and the Rev. R. Godwin.

ETHEL G. FENWICK.

### BABY WEEK.

The Queen has sent the following message to the National Baby Week Council, in connection with Baby Week, which is being celebrated this Week:—

"On this twelfth anniversary of Baby Week, as its patron, I desire to express my satisfaction at the valuable work carried on by the National Baby Week Council.

"I am interested to learn that this year special stress will be laid on the prevention of maternal mortality, and I hope that every success will attend the Council's endeavours to uphold the dignity of motherhood and the value to our nation of its child life."

### MOTHCRAFT TRAINING SOCIETY ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of the Mothercraft Training Society was held at Cromwell House, Highgate, on Monday, June 11th, at 3.15 p.m. There was a very large attendance of over 400, owing to the presence of the Society's Founder, Sir Frederick Truby King, who is over from New Zealand for a few months.

The meeting was held in a marquee in the garden. The adoption of the annual report was proposed by Lady Galway (Chairman of the Executive Committee), who referred to the great increase in the work during the past year and to the need for the Hostel, and Wing for Mothers and Babies, for which a special appeal is being made. It had been decided to begin building very shortly, as the architects estimated that the work would take nearly a year. Response to the appeal had been very generous, and thanks were especially due to Mr. E. R. Peacock (the Society's Hon. Treasurer), to Hon. Mrs. Richard Hoare and the Committee of Young Mothers, and to Mrs. Braham (the Organising Secretary of the Appeal).

Dr. R. C. Jewesbury (the Society's Hon. Medical Director), in seconding the resolution, said that he wished specially to emphasise the need for another Clinic in South London, for the convenience of mothers, who find the journey to Highgate a very long one, and also to relieve the increasing pressure at Cromwell House.

Sir Truby King then rose amid hearty applause, and said what pleasure it gave him to be present and to meet the members of the Committee and others interested in the work. He referred to the recent visit of the Matron (Miss Liddiard), to New Zealand, and said how much that visit had done to strengthen the bond between the New Zealand Society and the British Society. He hoped, he said, to attend the International Conference in Paris on Social Progress, which was shortly to be held, and he hoped very much that Dr. Jewesbury might be able to spare the time to be there, too, as he felt the great need for international co-operation in work for the well-being of the mother and child. His recent stay in a small village in the Cevennes Mountains had made him realise more clearly the French social problems, and he hoped that the Conference would lead to very definite progress.

Lady Galway thanked Sir Truby King for his kindness in coming to the meeting and for his inspiring address.

## OUTSIDE THE GATES.

### THE PASSING OF A GREAT SPIRIT.

It all began at Seneca Falls in 1848, when a slim young Quaker school teacher stood up in a political Convention of "godly" and intolerant men, and gently suggested the political enfranchisement of women!

We can imagine the result. Susan B. Anthony—so strong, so irrefutable—was swept out of the Meeting! Those of us privileged to take part, some for 40 years, in the long struggle throughout the world for political justice, thought of our inspiring pioneers as we sat quietly waiting in the Church of St. John the Evangelist, Smith Square, Westminster, on Monday, 18th June, to take part in the impressive memorial service for Emmeline Pankhurst whose mortal remains lay in her coffin before the Altar, covered and surrounded with exquisite flowers and ribbons, purple, white and green, the insignia of a now triumphant Cause. At last peace, sweetness, silence. It was a very impressive and dignified scene; so much of the victorious spirit was there.

Before the arrival of the clergy two well-known adherents of "Votes for Women," Miss Aclom and Mrs. Hall Humpherson, carrying respectively a Union Jack draped with black, and the flag of the Women's Social and Political Union, marched up the nave, "dipped" the colours, and, posted as a guard of honour at the foot of the catafalque, remained motionless throughout the service.

The service was conducted by Canon Woodward, Prebendary Gough, Rev. Hugh B. Chapman, Rev. W. F. Geikie Cobb, Rev. J. Darbyshire, Rev. E. L. Langton, and others. The chief hymn was Mrs. Pankhurst's favourite, "Sun of my Soul," and the address was delivered by the Rev. W. F. Geikie Cobb, an old friend of the movement, who struck the note of victory. Emmeline Pankhurst had fought courageously, and had gone to a higher order of existence, seeing success attend her warfare. "We salute her to-day as an heroic leader and staunch friend."

In the congregation were delegates from many leading women's organisations. The British College of Nurses (the President, Mrs. Bedford Fenwick and Miss A. M. Bushby, and many Fellows and Members), the Royal British Nurses' Association (Miss Jessie Holmes and Miss Lord), and Miss C. Pine, who nursed Mrs. Pankhurst after ten hunger strikes) and delegates from the following, among other organisations: League of the Church Militant, Women's Auxiliary Service, National Union of Women Teachers, Women's Guild of Empire, Union of Women Voters, Association for Moral and Social Hygiene, Women's Freedom League, Six Point Group, Society for Equal Citizenship, St. Joan's Social and Political Alliance, Women's United Service Club, and the London and National Society for Women's Service.

Others present were Mrs. Stanley Baldwin, the wife of the Prime Minister, Viscountess Rhondda, Viscount Curzon, M.P., Mrs. Despard, Commandant Mary S. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Pethick-Lawrence, and notable persons in every rank of life—rich and poor.

At the conclusion of the service the coffin was attended to the door by the following ten pall-bearers, all women with vivid memories of the militant past. They were Miss Wylie, Mrs. Marshall, Miss Naylor, Miss A. Wright, Miss M. Brackenbury, Miss Wallace Dunlop, Mrs. Massey, Mrs. Mansell, Miss Kerr and Miss G. Brackenbury.

There followed a long procession of intimate friends and associates, led by the chief mourners, Miss Christabel Pankhurst, Miss Sylvia Pankhurst (daughters), and Mrs. Freda Shaw (sister). With Mrs. Flora Drummond at their head, a long line of comrades and admirers marched to Brompton Cemetery. Here they were joined by another

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